What to Look and Listen For

Formative Assessment

Teachers

observing students (from the "sidelines") in multiple settings while they are actively engaged in centers/ independent exploration, during outdoor play, while they are eating, etc. and possibly jotting notes;

Look For . . .

- "dropping in" on children during independent exploration work periods to initiate quick, focused interactions (15-20 seconds) to assess understanding and identify needs;
- making quick notes about student responses or observations during or just following group gatherings; and,
- referencing developmentally appropriate, interactive visuals posted around the room as scaffolds for formative assessment (e.g., blank Venn diagram posters for classifying/ sorting, a large poster with Elkonin boxes for blending/segmenting practice or individual assessment, etc.).

Students

demonstrating visual evidence of engagement in response to teacher prompts or questions (as appropriate to their development/ linguistic/ cultural backgrounds).

Teachers

engaging students in conversation about their activities to assess their understanding. Teachers select questions that are aligned with both the task and the current developmental level of the child;

Listen For . . .

Tell me about your ___. Can you explain this to me? What do you notice about ___? Can you make yours look like mine?

How do you think this works?

Can you show me another way to ?

What do you think would happen if __?

- providing immediate feedback or "feedforward" after observing or interacting to gather formative information/evidence to guide their "next steps;" and,
- excusing children to line up by playing "Tell Me Something" game: e.g., Tell me something
 - you learned in our story.
 - new you tried today.
 - you did to help someone today.

Students

using language that reflects active engagement and responds to teacher prompts (as appropriate to their development/ linguistic/ cultural backgrounds).

Differentiated Instruction

• who are not working with the teacher to

be focused on their tasks or

explorations.

Look For	Listen For
Teachers	Teachers
 working with individuals and small groups to reinforce or extend learning during center time; 	 reinforcing routines and orchestrating smooth transitions to maximize available instructional time;
 finding non-traditional opportunities to have brief differentiated instruction conversations or interactions: 	 providing clear instructions for both teacher-guided and student-guided activities;
- during snack;	 using additional verbal scaffolds along with visual cues and manipulatives to build, reinforce, or correct conceptual understanding for individuals or small
 at recess (as long as there is adequate supervision); 	
 referencing assessment note to guide her differentiated instruction interactions; 	groups who have been identified through formative assessments;
 actively monitoring other students as she interacts with her group; and 	 adjusting the pace of their instruction, the complexity of the language, or the amount of wait time to differentiate
 using TPR and other visual clues and manipulatives to scaffold learning 	learning experiences for selected students; and,
during differentiated instruction. Students	 providing extension or accelerated instruction for students who are ready for additional challenge.
 working with the teacher to demonstrate visual evidence of 	Students
engagement in response to the differentiated instruction (as appropriate to their development/ linguistic/ cultural backgrounds);	 who are engaged and actively responding to the teacher's instruction (as appropriate to their development/ linguistic/ cultural backgrounds).